U1e3 – overall practice / review

A – Forms and uses of Tener. Tener normally means __________________.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yo</td>
<td>Nosotros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tú</td>
<td>Vosotros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Él</td>
<td>Ellos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ella</td>
<td>Ellas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usted (ud.)</td>
<td>Ustedes (uds.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[5] + [5] + infinitive verb  ->  To have to (do something)

These expressions use tener in Spanish even though they don’t talk about “having” in English:

To be __ years old  ->  Tener __________________________

To be hungry  ->  Tener __________________________

To be thirsty  ->  Tener __________________________

B - Practice with Tener & vocab. Translate into Spanish:

1. I don’t have siblings, but I have twenty-three cousins.

2. My younger brother isn’t hungry, but my mother is thirsty.

3. Your grandfather is wearing an orange sweater, but he doesn’t have a red hat.

4. His parents are forty years old. They have to work a lot.

5. Their aunt and uncle don’t have children. They are from Cuba.

6. Our older sister is eighteen years old. She is tall and pretty. She has blonde hair.

7. Are you (all) hungry? You (all) have to eat.
C – Possessives.

There are no _______________________ in Spanish. If we want to say “Bob’s uncle”, the only way to say it in Spanish is to say “the uncle of Bob.” In Spanish, the words to say this are:
El/la/los/las object being possessed de person who owns the object.
It’s as if the “de ___ whoever ___” part is the “__ whoever’s” in English.

We can also indicate possession by using possessive adjectives. In Spanish they are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My</th>
<th>Our</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>= _______ or _____</td>
<td>= _______ or _____</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your (s.,inf.)</th>
<th>Your (pl., inf.)</th>
<th>Their</th>
<th>Your (pl., form.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>= ______ or ______</td>
<td>= ______ or ______</td>
<td>______ or ______</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D – Practice with possessives. Write in Spanish.

1. I don’t have Bob’s green book.
   ______________________________________________________________________

2. They have his younger sister’s ugly dog.
   ______________________________________________________________________

3. We don’t have our grandparent’s hats.
   ______________________________________________________________________

4. Their nice mother has Joe’s jacket.
   ______________________________________________________________________

5. Lucía and Ana have our jeans.
   ______________________________________________________________________

6. Your (pl) aunt is pretty.
   ______________________________________________________________________

7. Your grandparents aren’t very old.
   ______________________________________________________________________

8. Mrs. Sanchez’s children are fifteen and seventeen years old.
   ______________________________________________________________________
E – Dates and birthdays.
The first day of any month uses __________________ instead of “uno”.
To write a date in Spanish, use “el __ de __ month”

F - Write in Spanish. Write out the numbers.

1. Paco’s birthday is July 27.

2. Luisa’s birthday is September 15.

3. My birthday is (fill in your birthday).

4. I have to work on May 3rd.

5. We have to sing on December 18th.

6. Today’s date is January 1st.

7. Tomorrow’s date is August 30th.

8. My younger brother’s birthday is June 13th.

9. Is Ana’s birthday February 1st?

G – Practice with numbers. Write the number in Spanish.

15 ____________________________ 26 ____________________________

11 ____________________________ 72 ____________________________

19 ____________________________ 164 ____________________________

100 __________________________ 83 _____________________________

38 ____________________________ 51 ____________________________